

# Trigonometric Identities

## Basic Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\tan x &= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \\ \csc x &= \frac{1}{\sin x} \\ \sec x &= \frac{1}{\cos x} \\ \cot x &= \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{\tan x}\end{aligned}$$

## Pythagorean Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x &= 1 \\ 1 + \cot^2 x &= \csc^2 x \\ \tan^2 x + 1 &= \sec^2 x\end{aligned}$$

## Odd Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(-x) &= -\sin x \\ \tan(-x) &= -\tan x \\ \csc(-x) &= -\csc x \\ \cot(-x) &= -\cot x\end{aligned}$$

## Even Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(-x) &= \cos x \\ \sec(-x) &= \sec x\end{aligned}$$

## Co-function Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \cos x \\ \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \cot x \\ \sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \csc x \\ \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \sin x \\ \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \tan x \\ \csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \sec x\end{aligned}$$

## Sum/Difference Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(x \pm y) &= \sin x \cos y \pm \cos x \sin y \\ \cos(x \pm y) &= \cos x \cos y \mp \sin x \sin y \\ \tan(x + y) &= \frac{\tan x + \tan y}{1 - \tan x \tan y} \\ \tan(x - y) &= \frac{\tan x - \tan y}{1 + \tan x \tan y}\end{aligned}$$

## Double Angle Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2x &= 2 \sin x \cos x \\ \tan 2x &= \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} \\ \cos 2x &= \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \\ \cos 2x &= 2 \cos^2 x - 1 \\ \cos 2x &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 x\end{aligned}$$

## Half Angle Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{2}} \\ \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{2}} \\ \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}} \\ \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \\ \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x}\end{aligned}$$

## Product to Sum Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin x \cos y &= \frac{1}{2} (\sin(x + y) + \sin(x - y)) \\ \sin x \sin y &= \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x - y) - \cos(x + y)) \\ \cos x \sin y &= \frac{1}{2} (\sin(x + y) - \sin(x - y)) \\ \cos x \cos y &= \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x - y) + \cos(x + y))\end{aligned}$$

## Sum to Product Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\sin x + \sin y &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{x + y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right) \\ \sin x - \sin y &= 2 \cos\left(\frac{x + y}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right) \\ \cos x + \cos y &= 2 \cos\left(\frac{x + y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right) \\ \cos x - \cos y &= -2 \sin\left(\frac{x + y}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$